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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/540,902	03/18/2006	Franz Eberhard	5367-183PUS	5367-183PUS 3334	
	7590 12/14/200 [.] ΓΑΝΙ, LIEBERMAN &	EXAMINER			
551 FIFTH AVENUE			GOLUB, MARCIA A		
SUITE 1210 NEW YORK, NY 10176			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
•			12/14/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/540,902	EBERHARD ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Marcia A. Golub	2828		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timular apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE!	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 Secondary</u> 2a)□ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Experimental	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5-8 and 15-18 is/are via 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4,9-14,19 and 20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	withdrawn from consideration.			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1122 107	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome this rejection because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Species I claims 1-4, 9-14, 19 and 20 in the reply filed on 9/24/07 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the election of species requirement is does not have a lack of unity statement.

A lack of unity statement is presented below:

The species do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The special technical feature common to all the claims is "a circuit arrangement comprising a plurality of laser diode bars which are connected in series with one another and on which a specific operating voltage is in each case impressed during operation of the series circuit, comprising a bridging element is connected in parallel with each laser diode bar, which bridging element, when the specific operating voltage is impressed on the associated laser diode bar, transmits a smaller current than the laser diode bar or transmits no current and which bridging element switches over to such a low-impedance state that the laser diode bar is bridged as soon as the voltage drop across the laser diode bar exceeds the specific operating voltage by a predefined voltage value."

However, Fig 5 of Dinger et al. disclose the specified device structure as explained in a rejection below. Therefore, a plurality of laser diodes with bypass devices cannot be considered a special technical feature since it is already known in the art.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Dinger et al. (DE 102 09374, found in the IDS), hereinafter IDS1.

Fig 5 of IDS1 discloses:

1,11. "A circuit arrangement comprising a plurality of laser diode bars [20] which are connected in series with one another and on which a specific operating voltage [2 v] is in each case impressed during operation of the series circuit, comprising a bridging element [4] is connected in parallel with each laser diode bar, which bridging element, when the specific operating voltage is impressed on the associated laser diode bar, transmits a smaller current than the laser diode bar or transmits no current [bypass diode has a higher resistance than the laser diode] and which bridging element switches over to such a low-impedance state that the laser diode bar is bridged as soon as the voltage drop across the laser diode bar exceeds the specific operating voltage by a predefined voltage value." (Figure 3 and the associated description paragraph 0028)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, 3, 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over IDS1 as applied to claims 1 and 11 above.

Fig 5 of IDS1 discloses a laser device with a bypass diode that is forward biased in normal operation as described above but does not disclose:

- 2,12. "wherein the bridging element changes over to the state that bridges the laser diode bar as soon as the voltage impressed on the bridging element is at least 200 mV higher than the specific operating voltage of the associated laser diode bar."
- 3.13. "wherein the bridging element has at least one diode which is forward-biased

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when the specific operating voltage is impressed on the associated laser diode bar and the diffusion voltage of which is at least 200 mV higher than the operating voltage of the associated laser diode bar.

IDS1 does not specify the difference between threshold voltages of the laser diode and the bypass diode to be at least 200 mV. However, the value of the threshold voltage is a result effective variable that can be easily adjusted depending on the design requirements.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teachings of the MPEP into the device of IDS1 by making the threshold voltage difference at least 200 mV for at least the purpose of quickly and reliably bypassing a faulty laser diode.

Claims 4 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over IDS1 as applied to claims 1 and 11 above.

Fig 5 of IDS1 discloses a laser device with a bypass diode as described above but does not disclose:

4,14. "wherein the bridging element has a diode based on AlGaAs semiconductor material."

These materials/elements are known in the art to be used with lasers.

It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at the time the of the invention to make the laser of these known materials/elements, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material/element on the basis of it's suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 227 F.2d 197, 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960).

Claims 9, 10, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over IDS1 as applied to claims 1 and 11 above, and further in view of Mizuishi et al. (JP 60211992 found in IDS), hereinafter IDS2.

Fig 5 of IDS1 discloses a laser device with a bypass diode as described above, wherein the laser diode and the bypass diode are soldered to a heat sink, but does not disclose:

9,19. "wherein each laser diode bar and the associated bridging element are applied

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on a common heat sink, in that the bridging element is fixed on the heat sink by means of a first connecting means and the laser diode bar is fixed on the heat sink by means of a second connecting means, and in that the melting point of the first connecting means is at a higher temperature than that of the second connecting means."

10,20. "wherein the first connecting means is a hard solder and the second connecting means is a soft solder."

However, IDS2 discloses using soft solder and hard solder to connect different parts of the laser system.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teachings of IDS2 into the device of IDS1 by attaching the laser diode to the heat sink with a soft solder and the bypass diode with a hard solder for at least the purpose of being able to interchange the faulty laser diode in the system without disturbing the rest of the components.

Contact Info

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marcia A. Golub whose telephone number is 571-272-8602. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-6 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Minsun Harvey can be reached on 571-272-1835. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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